

# 273 ÷ 41 の筆算のしかた

$$41 \overline{) 273}$$

## 273 ÷ 41 の筆算のしかた

$$\begin{array}{r} 41 \overline{) 273} \end{array}$$

41 × ■ が 27 をこえない  
いちばん大きい数字を考  
える。

## 273 ÷ 41 の筆算のしかた

$$\begin{array}{r} 41 \overline{) 273} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

41 × ■ が 27 をこえない  
いちばん大きい数字を考  
える。

41 は 27 より大きくて、商が  
立たないので次の位に進む

# 273 ÷ 41 の筆算のしかた

$$\begin{array}{r} 41 \overline{) 273} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

41 × ■ が 273 をこえない  
いちばん大きい数字を考  
える。



# 273 ÷ 41 の筆算のしかた

$$\begin{array}{r} 41 \overline{) 273} \\ \underline{246} \\ 27 \\ \underline{27} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

The diagram shows a long division problem: 41 divided into 273. The quotient is 6. The dividend 273 is written in blue, and the divisor 41 is written in orange. The product 246 is written in green below the dividend. The remainder is 0. Vertical dashed lines separate the digits of the dividend and the product. The digit 6 in the quotient is highlighted in a yellow box.

$$41 \times 6 = 246 \text{ なので}$$

# 273 ÷ 41 の筆算のしかた

$$\begin{array}{r} 41 \overline{) 273} \\ \underline{246} \\ 27 \end{array}$$

The diagram shows a long division problem: 41 divided into 273. The quotient is 6, and the remainder is 27. The numbers 2, 7, and 3 in the dividend are aligned with vertical dashed lines. The number 6 in the quotient is highlighted in a yellow box. The numbers 2, 4, and 6 in the product 246 are highlighted in a green box. The numbers 2 and 7 in the remainder are in black.

$$41 \times 6 = 246 \text{ なので}$$

$$273 - 246 = 27 \text{ なので}$$

# 273 ÷ 41 の筆算のしかた

$$\begin{array}{r} 41 \overline{) 273} \\ \underline{246} \\ 27 \end{array}$$

The diagram shows a long division problem: 41 divided into 273. The quotient 6 is written above the 3. The product 246 is subtracted from 273, leaving a remainder of 27. Vertical dashed lines separate the digits of the dividend (2, 7, 3) and the remainder (2, 7). The digit 6 in the quotient is highlighted in a yellow box.

41 × 6 = 246 なので

273 - 246 = 27 なので

✓ 27 は、わる数 41 より  
小さいので OK



# 273 ÷ 41 の筆算のしかた

$$\begin{array}{r} 41 \overline{) 273} \\ \underline{246} \\ 27 \end{array}$$

The diagram shows the long division of 273 by 41. The quotient 6 is written above the 3, and the remainder 27 is written below the 27. Vertical dashed lines separate the digits of the dividend (2, 7, 3) and the remainder (2, 7). The quotient digit 6 is orange, and the remainder digits 2 and 7 are blue.

$$273 \div 41 = 6 \text{ あまり } 27$$